

MSDS Document

Product Drakeol 35

1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Drakeol 35

MSDS ID PEN1440-00-C

Manufacturer

Calumet Specialty Products Partners
2780 Waterfront Pkwy E. Suite 200
Indianapolis, IN 46214

Phone Number

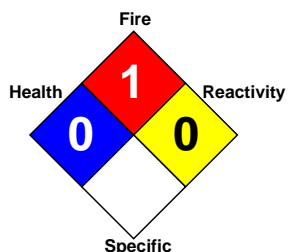
(800) 245-3952

Emergency Phone

CHEMTREC (800) 424-9300

CHEMTREC International (703) 527-3887

Revision Date 11/1/2006



2. Composition and Information on Ingredients

Ingredient	CAS Number	Weight %	ACGIH TLV	PEL	STEL
White mineral oil	8042-47-5	100 %	5 mg/m ³	5 mg/m ³	10 mg/m ³

3. Hazard Identification

Eye:

Not known to be an eye irritant.

Skin:

Not known to be a skin irritant. No harmful effects from skin absorption have been reported.

Inhalation (Breathing):

Expected to have a low degree of toxicity by inhalation.

Ingestion (Swallowing):

No harmful effects expected from ingestion.

Signs & Symptoms:

Effects of overexposure may include irritation of the respiratory tract, irritation of the digestive tract, diarrhea.

Cancer:

No evidence of cancer has been demonstrated in several well conducted animal studies.

Target Organs:

No data available for this material.

Reproductive/Developmental:

No data available for this material.

Pre-Existing Medical Conditions:

Not Known

Health Hazards/Precautionary Measures:

Do not taste or swallow. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Physical Hazards/Precautionary Measures:

Keep away from all sources of ignition.

4. First Aid Information

Eye:

If irritation or redness develops from exposure, flush eyes with clean water. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

Skin:

First aid is not normally required. However, it is good practice to wash any chemical from the skin.

Inhalation (Breathing):

First aid is not normally required. If breathing difficulties develop, move victim away from source of exposure and into fresh air. Seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion (Swallowing):

First aid is not normally required; however, if swallowed and symptoms develop, seek medical attention.

Notes To Physician:

Acute aspirations of large amounts of oil-laden material may produce a serious aspiration pneumonia. Patients who aspirate these oils should be followed for the development of long-term sequelae. Inhalation exposure to oil mists below current workplace exposure limits is unlikely to cause pulmonary abnormalities.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Point	> 380°F / 193°C
FP Method	COC, ASTM D92

Flammable Properties:

OSHA Flammability Class: Not applicable
LEL (vol % in air): No data
UEL (vol % in air): No data
Autoignition Temperature: No data

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards:

This material may burn, but will not ignite readily. If container is not properly cooled, it can rupture in the heat of a fire. Vapors are heavier than air and can accumulate in low areas.

Extinguishing Media:

Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam, or water spray is recommended. Water or foam may cause frothing of materials heated above 212°F. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces.

Fire Fighting Instructions:

For fires beyond the incipient stage, emergency responders in the immediate hazard area should wear bunker gear. When the potential chemical hazard is unknown, in enclosed or confined spaces, or when explicitly required by DOT, a self contained breathing apparatus should be worn. In addition, wear other appropriate protective equipment as conditions warrant (see Section 8).

Isolate immediate hazard area, keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done with minimal risk. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done with minimal risk.

Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Cool equipment exposed to fire with water, if it can be done with minimal risk. Avoid spreading burning liquid with water used for cooling purposes.

6. Accidental Release Measures

This material may burn, but will not ignite readily. Keep all sources of ignition away from spill/release.

Stay upwind and away from spill/release. Notify persons down wind of the spill/release, isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done with minimal risk. Wear appropriate protective equipment, including respiratory protection, as conditions warrant (see Section 8).

Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems, and natural waterways. Dike far ahead of spill for later recovery or disposal. Spilled material may be absorbed into an appropriate absorbent material. Notify fire authorities and appropriate federal, state, and local agencies. Immediate cleanup of any spill is recommended.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling:

Do not enter confined spaces such as tanks or pits without following proper entry procedures such as ASTM D-4276 and 29CFR 1910.146. The use of appropriate respiratory protection is

advised when concentrations exceed any established exposure limits (see Section 8).

Do not wear contaminated clothing or shoes. Use good personal hygiene practices.

"Empty" containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. "Empty" drums should be completely drained, properly bunged, and promptly shipped to the supplier or a drum reconditioner. All containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations.

Storage:

Keep container(s) tightly closed. Use and store this material in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat and all sources of ignition. Store only in approved containers. Keep away from any incompatible material (see Section 10). Protect container(s) against physical damage.

8. Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

Engineering Controls:

If current ventilation practices are not adequate to maintain airborne concentrations below the established exposure limits (see Section 2), additional engineering controls may be required.

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Respiratory:

A NIOSH certified air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge may be used under conditions where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits (see Section 2).

Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited (see manufacturer's respirator selection guide). Use a NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or equivalent operated in a pressure demand or other positive pressure mode if there is potential for an oxygen-deficient atmosphere, uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

Skin:

Not required based on the hazards of the material. However, it is considered good practice to wear gloves when handling chemicals.

Eye/Face:

While contact with this material is not expected to cause irritation, the use of approved eye protection to safeguard against potential eye contact is considered good practice.

Other Protective Equipment:

A source of clean water should be available in the work area for flushing eyes and skin. Impervious clothing should be worn as needed.

Suggestions for the use of specific protective materials are based on readily available published data. Users should check with specific manufacturers to confirm the performance of their products.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	Liquid
Specific Gravity	0.88
Color/Appearance	Transparent Water-white
Odor	None
pH	Not applicable
Boiling/Cond. Point	> 580°F / 303.4°C
Melting/Freezing Point	No data
Solubility	See Below
Evaporation Rate	No data
Vapor Density	No data
Vapor Pressure	< 0.1

Note:

Unless otherwise stated, values are determined at 20°C (68°F) and 760 mm Hg (1 atm).

Odor Threshold: No data
Pour Point: 10°F / -12°C
Solubility in Water: Insoluble
Solubility in Other Solvents: Soluble in Hydrocarbons
Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) (Kow): No data
Decomposition Temperature: No data

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability:

Stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

Conditions to Avoid:

Avoid all possible sources of ignition (see Sections 5 and 7).

Materials To Avoid (Incompatible Materials):

strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Combustion can yield carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide and other oxides.

Hazardous Polymerization:

Will not occur.

11. Toxicological Information

Chronic Data:

No definitive information available on carcinogenicity, mutagenicity, target organ, or developmental toxicity.

12. Ecological Information

Not evaluated.

13. Disposal Considerations

This material, if discarded as produced, is not a RCRA "listed" hazardous waste. However, it should be fully evaluated for hazardous waste characteristics prior to disposal (40 CFR 261). Use which results in chemical or physical change or contamination may subject it to regulation as a hazardous waste. Along with properly characterizing all waste materials, consult state and local regulations regarding the proper disposal of this material.

Container contents should be completely used and containers should be emptied prior to discard. Container rinsate could be considered a RCRA hazardous waste and must be disposed of with care and in full compliance with federal, state and local regulations. Larger empty containers, such as drums, should be returned to the distributor or to a drum reconditioner. To assure proper disposal of smaller empty containers, consult with state and local regulations and disposal authorities.

14. Transportation Information

U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT)

Shipping Description: Not regulated

Note: If shipped by land in a packaging having a capacity of 3,500 gallons or more, the provisions of 49 CFR, Part 130 apply. (Contains oil)

International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG):

Shipping Description: Not regulated

International Civil Aviation Org./International Air Transport Assoc. (ICAO/IATA)

Shipping Description: Not regulated

15. Regulatory Information

U.S. Regulations:

CERCLA/SARA - Section 311/312 (Title III Hazard Categories)

Acute Health: No

Chronic Health: No

Fire Hazard: No

Pressure Hazard: No

Reactive Hazard: No

CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 and 40 CFR 372:

This material contains the following chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 313 and 40 CFR 372:

--None Known--

EPA (CERCLA) Reportable Quantity (in pounds):

--None Known--

CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances and TPQs (in pounds):

This material contains the following chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 302 and 40 CFR 372:

-- None Known --

Carcinogen Identification:

This material has not been identified as a carcinogen by NTP, IARC, or OSHA. See Section 11 for carcinogenicity information of individual components, if any.

California Proposition 65:

Warning: This material may contain detectable quantities of the following chemicals, known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm, and which may be subject to the requirements of California Proposition 65 (CA Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5):

-- None Known --

TSCA

Hazardous Component(s) subject to reporting on the TSCA List.

International Regulations:**Canadian Regulations:**

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

Domestic Substances List:

Listed

WHMIS Hazard Class:

Not Regulated

International Inventories:

Australia (AICS)
Canada (DSL)
China
Europe (EINECS)
Japan (ENCS)
Korea (ECL)
Philippines (PICCS)

U.S. Export Control Classification Number:

EAR99

16. Other Information**Intended Use:**

General White Oil

Chemical Family:

Hydrocarbon

Emergency Overview:

24 Hour Emergency Telephone Numbers:
Spill, Leak, Fire or Accident Call CHEMTREC:
North America: (800) 424-9300
Others: (703) 527-3887 (collect)

California Poison Control System: (800) 356-3129

From Section 2 For White Mineral Oil 8042-47-5:

ACGIH:	OSHA:	NIOSH:	Other:
5 mg/m ³ TWA	5 mg/m ³ TWA	2500 mg/m ³ IDLH	As Oil Mist, if
10 mg/m ³ STEL			Generated

Note: State, local or other agencies or advisory groups may have established more stringent limits. Consult an industrial hygienist or similar professional, or your local agencies, for further information.

1%=10,000 PPM.
NE=Not Established

Issue Date: 01-Nov-2006
Previous Issue Date: 09-Apr-2003
Revised Sections or Basis for Revision: Product Name / Synonyms (Section 1)
Physical Properties (Section 9)
Periodic review and update
MSDS Code: 776507

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